

M. A. (English)

1. Rahul did not know which job to take up—it was a **catch 22 situation**. Find the closest in meaning :
(A) Paradoxical situation
(B) Unique situation
(C) Disadvantageous situation
(D) Pleasant situation
2. No one appreciates John because of his **holier-than-thou** attitude. What does it mean ?
(A) Behaving as if having better morals than other people.
(B) Behaving as if one has supernatural powers.
(C) Having a lot of superstitions.
(D) Behaving as if one is morally depraved.
3. Bumrah, the Indian captain and fast bowler, isthan accurate.
(A) More fast (B) Faster
(C) Less fast (D) More faster
4. The smoking gun means :
(A) A hard-hitting weapon (B) Indisputable evidence
(C) Impending fight (D) Gun with smoke
5. Head hunting means :
(A) Distribution (B) Manufacturing
(C) Recruitment (D) Deliverable

Instruction : Read the passage carefully and answers Q. Nos. from **6 to 10**.

In noting the nature of human lives, we have reason to be interested not only in the various things we succeed in doing, but also in the freedoms that we actually have to choose between different kinds of lives. The freedom to choose our lives can make a significant contribution to our well-being but going beyond the perspective of well-being, the freedom itself may be seen as important. Being able to reason and choose is a significant aspect of human life. In fact, we are under no obligation to seek only our own well-being. It is for us to decide what we have good reason to pursue. We need not have to be a great leader to recognise that we can have aims or priorities that differ from the single-minded pursuit of our own well-being only. The freedoms and capabilities we enjoy can also be valuable to us. It is ultimately for us to decide how to use the freedom we have. It is important to emphasise that if social realizations are assessed in terms of human, lives are then seen inclusively, taking note of the substantive freedoms that people enjoy, rather than ignoring everything other than pleasures or utilities they end up having. There is also a second significant aspect of freedom: it makes us accountable for what we do. Freedom to choose gives us the opportunity to decide what we should do but with that opportunity comes the power to do something, the accountability that emanates from that ability- that power - is a part of the capability perspective, and this can make room for demands of duty - what can be broadly called deontological demands. There is an overlap here between agency-centered concerns and the implications of a capability-based approach. The perspective of social realizations will take us to further issues central to the analysis of justice in the world.

6. Why freedom is seen as important ?
- (A) To have different life styles
 - (B) To succeed in doing things.
 - (C) To go beyond the perspective of one's own well-being.
 - (D) To understand the perspective of one's well-being

7. What is of no value for assessing social realizations ?
- (A) Ignoring the values of freedom
 - (B) Capabilities of people
 - (C) Inability to use the freedom given
 - (D) Utilities
8. What is the inherent aspect of freedom ?
- (A) Accountability
 - (B) Pleasures of freedom
 - (C) Absence of actions
 - (D) Well-being of the self
9. Why should we go beyond considerations of our own well-being ?
- (A) To appreciate that our aims can differ from self-interest.
 - (B) To think of freedoms of others
 - (C) To follow in the footsteps of great leaders
 - (D) To be able to enjoy our freedoms.
10. The central idea of the passage is :
- (A) Use of power for freedom
 - (B) Emphasis on variety of personal issues
 - (C) Need for securing justice to all
 - (D) Responsibility for individual happiness

Instruction : Read the following sentences and choose the best definition for the bold words by searching for context clues in the sentence. **(Q. Nos. 11 to 15)**

11. The designer window treatments in her house, installed 17 years ago, were **outmoded**.
- (A) unnecessary
 - (B) pointless
 - (C) out-of-date
 - (D) worthless

12. Although Shyam is much too inexperienced for the managerial position, he is a willful young man and **obdurately** refuses to withdraw his application.
- (A) foolishly (B) reluctantly
(C) constantly (D) stubbornly
13. The **intermittent** rain soaked the garden many times during the day.
- (A) protracted (B) periodic
(C) incredulous (D) light
14. After several small brushfires at the campground, officials felt the need to **augment** the rules pertaining to campfires.
- (A) criticize (B) retract
(C) consider (D) expand
15. When people heard that timid Bob had taken up skydiving, they were **incredulous**.
- (A) fearful (B) outraged
(C) convinced (D) disbelieving

Instruction : Fill in the blanks from Q. Nos. 16 to 18.

16. Her directions to the driver were.....and helped him to reach on time.
- (A) Expletive (B) Implicate
(C) Explicit (D) Implicit
17. On seeing the police approach, the miscreants.....
- (A) Cooled their heels (B) Wore at their heels
(C) Took to their heels (D) Took upon their heels

18. The committee's appeal to the people for money.....little response.

(A) Evoked

(B) Provoked

(C) Gained

(D) Provided

Instruction : Fill in the blanks in the following passage from Q. Nos. 19 to 26 :

It can be said with (19)_____ that one of the (20) _____ features of the past decade has been the volatility (21)_____ in the financial markets with one of the prime reasons being the sovereign debt crisis prevailing in the Eurozone. The (22)_____ of countries like Greece, Italy, Spain, Portugal and Ireland to service and further refinance (23)_____ debts without help from third parties caused a lot (24)_____ the globe owing to the large amount of interdependence amongst the countries in the EU. Attempts to (25)_____ with the mounting debt have been through short term steps of bailout packages (26) _____ by the IMF and stronger economies like France and Germany after significant political manoeuvres.

19. (A) consideration

(B) certainty

(C) finality

(D) confusion

20. (A) marked

(B) focal

(C) beneficial

(D) lasting

21. (A) prevailing

(B) occurring

(C) situated

(D) incidental

22. (A) problem

(B) inability

(C) inability

(D) disability

23. (A) its

(B) all

(C) the

(D) their

24. (A) around (B) across
(C) in (D) over
25. (A) grapple (B) deal
(C) hold (D) negotiate
26. (A) served (B) taken
(C) invited (D) offered

Instruction : Choose the option with the word having a meaning similar to the given word from Q. Nos. **27 to 29.**

27. Reticent :

- (A) Block
(B) Tantrums
(C) Foreigner
(D) Restrained

28. Augury :

- (A) Faith
(B) Omen
(C) Cult
(D) Bad

29. Calumny :

- (A) Disaster (B) Truth
(C) Slander (D) Famine

Instruction : Choose the option with the word having a meaning opposite to the given word from Q. Nos. **30 to 32.**

30. Cutback :

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| (A) Cheap | (B) Extravagance |
| (C) Exaggeration | (D) Expensive |

31. Truce :

- | | |
|--------------|-----------|
| (A) Lie | (B) War |
| (C) Straight | (D) Peace |

32. Zealot :

- | | |
|------------------|---------------|
| (A) Moderate | (B) Extremist |
| (C) Troublemaker | (D) Radical |

33. /raɪs/ is the phonetic transcription of :

- | | |
|----------|-----------|
| (A) risk | (B) raise |
| (C) rice | (D) Rise |

34. /tʃɜ:p/ is the phonetic transcription of :

- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| (A) chef | (B) chief |
| (C) cheap | (D) chirp |

35. Choose the correct transcription for 'pluck' answer choices :

- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| (A) /'plʌk/ | (B) /'plʌk/ |
| (C) /'plək/ | (D) /'plʌck/ |

36. Which of the following words is plural ?

- | | |
|------------|--------------|
| (A) Index | (B) Analysis |
| (C) Crisis | (D) Criteria |

37. Which of the parts of the sentence is grammatically incorrect ?
The professor (1) ordered to (2) the students to go (3) out of the class (4)
- (A) 1 (B) 2
(C) 3 (D) 4
38. Which of the following spellings is *correct* ?
- (A) Sacrilegious (B) Saereligious
(C) Sacrilegiuos (D) Sacribegous
39. Which of the following spellings is *correct* ?
- (A) Dylexsia (B) Dyslexia
(C) Dislixia (D) Disleesia
40. An uncivilized person is called :
- (A) Altruist (B) Barbarian
(C) Audacious (D) Lascivious

Instruction : Given below are sentences in Direct/Indirect Speech along with four options. You are required to read the Direct and Indirect Speech questions carefully and select the option that expresses the same sentence in the reverse speech i.e. Indirect/ Direct Speech :

41. I said to her, “Why are you working so hard ?”
- (A) I asked her why was she working so hard
(B) I asked her why she was working so hard
(C) I asked her why she works so hard
(D) I asked her why had she been working so hard
42. They said, “Let us come in”.
- (A) They told that let them be allowed to come in.
(B) They requested that they might be allowed to come in.
(C) They said that if they are allowed to come in.
(D) They requested me to let them come in.

Instruction : Convert from active to passive voice from **Question Nos. 43-45.**

43. Can you lay down your life for home land ?
- (A) Could your life lay down by you for homeland ?
 - (B) Can your life been laid down by you for home land ?
 - (C) Can your life be laid down by you for homeland ?
 - (D) Could your life been laid down by you for your homeland ?
44. Why does he always blame others ?
- (A) Why others always blamed by him ?
 - (B) Why do others always blamed by him ?
 - (C) Why are others always blamed by him ?
 - (D) Why is others always blamed by him
45. Mend it and end it.
- (A) Let it be mended and ended.
 - (B) You are forbidden to mend it and end it.
 - (C) You are requested to mend it and end it.
 - (D) No change.
46. What does the proverb “No man is an island” mean ?
- (A) It’s always better to tell the truth in any situation.
 - (B) If something is already working well, don’t try to change it or improve it.
 - (C) No one is truly capable of living alone. We need human connection to be healthy.
 - (D) In any situation, be optimistic about the result, but always be ready for the worst outcome.

47. Which proverb below means that only strong people will take action in difficult situation ?
- (A) Birds of a feather flock together.
 - (B) When the going gets tough, the tough gets going.
 - (C) Call a spade a spade.
 - (D) Great minds think alike.
48. Bona fide means :
- (A) Identification card
 - (B) Without doubt
 - (C) In good faith
 - (D) Indispensable condition
49. Alibi means :
- (A) Everywhere
 - (B) Elsewhere
 - (C) Nowhere
 - (D) Without any excuse
50. Status quo means :
- (A) Legally valid
 - (B) Present condition
 - (C) Social position
 - (D) Side remarks
51. The repetition of an initial consonant sound is called :
- (A) Imagery
 - (B) Hyperbole
 - (C) Alliteration
 - (D) Assonance
52. Who among the following authors has won the Nobel Prize for Literature in 2021 ?
- (A) Abdul Razak Gurnah
 - (B) Louise Gluck
 - (C) Peter Handke
 - (D) Olga Tokarczuk

53. Which of the following novels is awarded The 2022 International Booker Prize ?
- (A) *At Night all Blood is Black* by David Diop
(B) *Tomb of Sand* by Geetanjali Shree
(C) *The Discomfort of Evening* by Marieke Lucas Rijneveld
(D) *The Promise* by Damon Galgut
54. Which of the following authors has never won the Nobel Prize for Literature ?
- (A) Samuel Beckett (B) Rabindranath Tagore
(C) Leo Tolstoy (D) John Steinbeck
55. Which of the following works authored by Shashi Tharoor won the Sahitya Academy Award in 2019 ?
- (A) *The Great Indian Novel* (B) *Inglorious Empire*
(C) *Pax Indica* (D) *An Era of Darkness*
56. What is the name of Mahatma Gandhi's autobiography ?
- (A) *The Story of My Experiments with Truth*
(B) *Wings of Fire*
(C) *An Autobiography*
(D) *The Race of My Life*
57. Who among the following authors writes on the themes of Indian mythology ?
- (A) Chetan Bhagat (B) Amish Tripathi
(C) Shashi Tharoor (D) Arundhati Roy
58. Who is the author of 'To Kill a Mocking Bird' ?
- (A) Arthur Miller (B) Ernest Hemingway
(C) Harper Lee (D) Virginia Woolf

59. Who is the author of *Letters from a Father to His Daughter* ?
- (A) Mahatma Gandhi (B) Jawaharlal Nehru
(C) Vallabhbhai Patel (D) B.R. Ambedkar
60. Who wrote the *Preface to the Lyrical Ballads* ?
- (A) William Wordsworth (B) Samuel Taylor Coleridge
(C) John Keats (D) William Blake
61. “My heart aches, and a drowsy numbness pains :
My sense, as though of hemlock I had drunk,”
Which of the following poems contains the lines quoted above ?
- (A) “Ode on a Grecian Urn” (B) “Ode to Melancholy”
(C) “Ode on Indolence” (D) “Ode to a Nightingale”
62. The character of Shylock appears in which of William Shakespeare’s plays ?
- (A) *The Merchant of Venice* (B) *Romeo and Juliet*
(C) *Hamlet* (D) *Macbeth*
63. Which of the following plays is an example of ‘The Theatre of the Absurd’ ?
- (A) *Waiting for Godot* by Samuel Beckett
(B) *Death of a Salesman* by Arthur Miller
(C) *The Homecoming* by Harold Pinter
(D) *Man and Superman* by George Bernard Shaw
64. Which of the following authors writes on the themes of Magic Realism ?
- (A) Anton Chekhov (B) Edgar Allan Poe
(C) O. Henry (D) Gabriel Garcia Marquez

65. *The Great Gatsby* is written by :
- (A) James Joyce (B) John Steinbeck
(C) F. Scott Fitzgerald (D) J. D. Salinger
66. *Brave New World* is a novel by :
- (A) Charles Dickens (B) Laurence Sterne
(C) William Golding (D) Aldous Huxley
67. Which of the following movies won the Oscar Best Picture Award in 2022 ?
- (A) Coda (B) Belfast
(C) Don't Look Up (D) Drive My Car
68. Which actor gets 10 year Oscars ban over Chris Rock slap ?
- (A) Leonardo DiCaprio (B) Will Smith
(C) Dwayne Jonson (D) Denzel Washington
69. Which film won the **Film of the Year** Dadasaheb Phalke International Film Festival Award 2022 ?
- (A) Shershaah (B) Samrat Prithviraj
(C) Pushpa : The Rise (D) Gangubai Kathiawadi
70. Who composed the National Anthem of India ?
- (A) Rabindranath Tagore (B) Sri Aurobindo Ghosh
(C) Bankimchandra Chatterjee (D) Muhammad Iqbal

Instructions : Question Nos. 71 to 75 are set from the poem below :

For God's sake hold your tongue, and let me love,
Or chide my palsy, or my gout,
My five gray hairs, or ruined fortune flout,
With wealth your state, your mind with arts improve,
Take you a course, get you a place,
Observe his honor, or his grace,
Or the king's real, or his stampèd face
Contemplate; what you will, approve,
So you will let me love.

Alas, alas, who's injured by my love ?
What merchant's ships have my sighs drowned ?
Who says my tears have overflowed his ground ?
When did my colds a forward spring remove ?
When did the heats which my veins fill
Add one more to the plaguy bill ?
Soldiers find wars, and lawyers find out still
Litigious men, which quarrels move,
Though she and I do love.

Call us what you will, we are made such by love;
Call her one, me another fly,
We're tapers too, and at our own cost die,
And we in us find the eagle and the dove.
The phoenix riddle hath more wit
By us; we two being one, are it.

So, to one neutral thing both sexes fit.
 We die and rise the same, and prove
 Mysterious by this love.

 We can die by it, if not live by love,
 And if unfit for tombs and hearse
 Our legend be, it will be fit for verse;
 And if no piece of chronicle we prove,
 We'll build in sonnets pretty rooms;
 As well a well-wrought urn becomes
 The greatest ashes, as half-acre tombs,
 And by these hymns, all shall approve
 Us canonized for Love.
 And thus invoke us : "You, whom reverend love
 Made one another's hermitage;
 You, to whom love was peace, that now is rage;
 Who did the whole world's soul contract, and drove
 Into the glasses of your eyes
 (So made such mirrors, and such spies,
 That they did all to you epitomize)
 Countries, towns, courts : beg from above
 A pattern of your love!"

71. Which of the following poets has written the above poem ?

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| (A) Andrew Marvell | (B) John Donne |
| (C) T.S. Eliot | (D) George Herbert |

72. Which of the following styles characterizes the poem ?
- (A) Neoclassical (B) Metaphysical
(C) Romanticism (D) Modernist
73. Which of the following metaphors is sustained throughout the poem ?
- (A) Taper (B) Fly
(C) Phoenix (D) Tomb
74. Which of the following literary devices is *not* used in the poem ?
- (A) Anadiplosis (B) Metaphor
(C) Enjambment (D) Conceit
75. “Alas, alas, who's injured by my love ?
What merchant's ships have my sighs drowned ?
Who says my tears have overflowed his ground ?
When did my colds a forward spring remove ?”
- Which of the following literary devices is used in the above lines ?
- (A) Conceit (B) Hyperbole
(C) Enjambment (D) Pathetic Fallacy
76. In which poem by W.B. Yeats do the following lines occur ?
- “A sudden blow : the great wings beating still
Above the staggering girl, her thighs caressed”
- (A) A Prayer for My Daughter (B) Among School Children
(C) Leda and the Swan (D) Wild Swans at Cool

77. Karnad's *Tughlaq* is a political allegory of :
- (A) India's Partition (B) 1977 Emergency
(C) 1971 Indo-Pak war (D) Nehruvian Regime
78. Who wrote the poem '*Lucy Gray*' ?
- (A) William Wordsworth (B) W.B. Yeats
(C) Robert Frost (D) John Keats
79. *Hamlet* by Shakespeare is :
- (A) Comedy (B) Tragedy
(C) Tragicomedy (D) Romantic Comedy
80. Who is the author of *The Wasteland* ?
- (A) Ezra Pound (B) Thomas Stearns Eliot
(C) Francis Bacon (D) John Dryden
81. *The Rape of the Lock* is written by :
- (A) Alexander Pope (B) John Milton
(C) Edith Pope (D) Samuel Johnson
82. An elegy usually expresses :
- (A) Feeling of joy (B) Sense of loss
(C) Victory (D) Defeat
83. A Shakespearean sonnet contains :
- (A) seven couplets
(B) four stanzas
(C) three couplets and two stanzas
(D) three stanzas and a couplet

84. A phoneme is :
- (A) technique to improve pronunciation
 - (B) sound pattern
 - (C) lexical item
 - (D) a single sound unit
85. Sonnets are usually in :
- (A) free verse
 - (B) iambic pentameter
 - (C) iambic trimeter
 - (D) iambic hexameter
86. The terms Onomatopoeia and Oxymoron came from :
- (A) Greek
 - (B) Latin
 - (C) Roman
 - (D) French
87. "I loved Ophelia, forty thousand brothers could not with all their quantity of love make up the sum" is an example of :
- (A) Hyperbole
 - (B) Alliteration
 - (C) Metaphor
 - (D) Simile
88. "She floats like a laugh from the lips of a dream" is an example of :
- (A) Simile
 - (B) Personification
 - (C) Metaphor
 - (D) Oxymoron
89. Who is the author of *Crime and Punishment* ?
- (A) Fyodor Dostoevsky
 - (B) Leo Tolstoy
 - (C) Alexander Pushkin
 - (D) Nikolai Gogol

90. Who authored *The Cherry Orchard* ?

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| (A) Ivan Turgenev | (B) Vladimir Nabokov |
| (C) Maxim Gorky | (D) Anton Chekhov |

91. Choose the correct spelling :

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| (A) Hygene | (B) Hygiene |
| (C) Hyigene | (D) Higene |

92. Choose the correct spelling :

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| (A) Vacume | (B) Vaccum |
| (C) Vacuum | (D) Vacumm |

93. What is the meaning of the idiom “on cloud nine” ?

- | | |
|----------------|-------------------|
| (A) Very sad | (B) Very clever |
| (C) Very happy | (D) Very friendly |

94. Which poetic device is used in “as brave as a lion” ?

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| (A) Imagery | (B) Hyperbole |
| (C) Metaphor | (D) Simile |

95. What is the correct spelling of the contraction of ‘could not’ ?

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| (A) Could’nt | (B) Couldn’t |
| (C) Coul’dnt | (D) Couldnt’ |

96. What is the meaning of the idiom “elephant in the room” ?

- (A) An actual elephant in the room
- (B) A big issue that people avoid
- (C) A big cause of happiness
- (D) An obese person

97. *The Canterbury Tales* is written by :

- (A) John Gower
- (B) Julian of Norwich
- (C) Geoffrey Chaucer
- (D) William Langland

98. John Milton’s *Paradise Lost* is :

- (A) Epic poem
- (B) Tragic play
- (C) Novel
- (D) Pastoral elegy

99. Who wrote *Frankenstein* ?

- (A) Mary Shelley
- (B) John Polidori
- (C) John Keats
- (D) Bram Stoker

100. Who wrote *The Three Musketeers* ?

- (A) Kerry Greenwood
- (B) Alexandre Dumas
- (C) Jane Austen
- (D) Vladmir Nobokov

GENERAL APTITUDE

101. Direction : Study the following informations carefully and answer the question given below :

Shalu started from point A and traveled towards north for 16 km to reach point D. After reaching point D she turned towards her right and travelled for 12 km to reach point K. From point K, she travelled 10 km towards south direction and reached point E. If Shalu had travelled towards north for 6 km from point K she would have reached point J. Point Q is to the north of point J and 20 km away from D which is the shortest distance from point D. From point E, she travelled 6 km towards west then she took a left turn and travelled certain distance to reach point S.

What is the direction of point D with respect to point Q ?

- (A) South
- (B) North
- (C) North-East
- (D) South-West

102. Complete the series :

50 67 33 84 16 ?

- (A) 101
- (B) 103
- (C) 107
- (D) 109

Direction : Study the following information carefully and answer the **Q. No. 103.**

There are eight family members Anupam, Bhumika, Mohini, Hitesh, Vishnu, Ruchika, Sanshlesh and Pritam. Vishnu is uncle of Sanshlesh, who is daughter of Pritam. There are two married couples in the family and two grandchildren in the family. Mohini has one daughter and one son. Anupam is granddaughter of Ruchika and sister of Bhumika. Ruchika is sister in law of Vishnu. Mohini is not a male. Sanshlesh has only one brother.

103. How is Bhumika related to Sanshlesh ?

- (A) Niece (B) Son
(C) Nephew (D) Daughter

104. Direction : In this question, a word is given followed by four combinations of symbols and digits labeled A, B, C and D. Which of the following four combinations correctly represents the word based on the alphabet codes and the conditions given below :

Element : 7 2 A D 6 8 O 3 J I V 5 E 4 P 9

Code : \$ @ < X } / & * > Y % # Z ! ? Q

Condition 1 :

If first element is a vowel and last element is a number then the codes are to be interchanged.

Condition 2 :

If first element is a consonant and last element is a vowel then both of them are to be coded as middle element.

Condition 3 :

If first element is an odd digit and last element is an even digit then the code will be written in reversed order.

Condition 4 :

If any element appears twice in a code then it will be coded as L.

Note : If two or more conditions are applicable in single code then Condition 1 will be given 1st priority, Condition 2 will be given 2nd priority, Condition 3 will be given 3rd priority and Condition 4 will be given 4th priority. And position of all elements in the code will be taken from the left end.

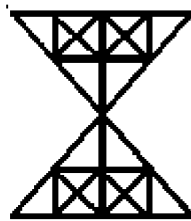
What would be the code of 'E6IVP27'?

- (A) \$}%Y?@Z
- (B) \$?}%Y?@
- (C) \$}Y%?@Z
- (D) Z}Y%?@\$

105. Apostate : Religion ::

- (A) Disloyal : Colonies
- (B) Loyal : Faith
- (C) Traitor : Country
- (D) Renegade : Indian

106. How many triangles are there in the given figure ?



- (A) 48
- (B) 52
- (C) 56
- (D) 60

107. Direction : Read the following information carefully and answer the question given below :

Certain number of persons is standing in a linear row facing towards the north. Information about few of them is given here. T stands third to the left of G, who is sixth to the right of A. 7 persons stand between B and T, where T is somewhere to the left of B. 3 persons stand between D and B, who is second to the left of the one who is fourth from the right end. Only 4 persons stand between U and C. 3 persons stand to the right of C, which is half the number of persons standing to the left of T.

Number of persons between which of the following is same ?

I. A-T

II. G-U

III. B-C

(A) Only I and II

(B) Only II and III

(C) Only III

(D) Only I

108. In this question, there is a statement followed by two arguments I and II. Read carefully and choose the right option from the given possible answers :

Given answers :

(a) Only argument I is strong

(b) Only argument II is strong

(c) Either I or II is strong

(d) Neither I nor II is strong

Statement—Should there be a complete ban on sale of soft drinks within the premises of all the schools in India ?

Arguments—

I. Yes, this will considerably decrease the consumption of such drinks by the school children as these contain harmful chemicals.

II. No, the authorities do not have right to impose such restrictions in a democratic country.

(A) a

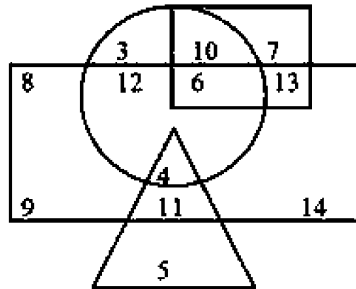
(B) b

(C) c

(D) d

109. In the following figure,

Rectangle represents males, Triangle represents educated, Circle represents urban,
Square represents civil servants.



Who among the following is uneducated and also an urban male ?

- (A) 2
- (B) 3
- (C) 11
- (D) 12

110. There are five friends-Satish, Kishore, Mohan, Anil and Rajesh. Mohan is tallest.

Satish is shorter than Kishore but taller than Rajesh. Anil is little shorter than Kishore but Anil is little taller than Satish. Who is taller than Rajesh but shorter than Anil ?

- (A) Anil
- (B) Kishore
- (C) Rajesh
- (D) Satish

GENERAL ENGLISH

111. Which of the phrases given below should replace the phrase given in bold in the following sentence to make the sentence grammatically correct ?

We got everything ready for all of them long before they arrived.

- (A) We had got
- (B) We have got
- (C) We have been got
- (D) We are getting

112. The four sentences (labelled 1, 2, 3, 4) below, when properly sequenced would yield a coherent paragraph. Decide on the proper sequencing of the order of the sentences and key in the sequence of the four numbers as your answer:

1. It also has four movable auxiliary telescopes 1.8 m in diameter.
2. Completed in 2006, the Very Large Telescope (VLT) has four reflecting telescopes, 8.2 m in diameter that can observe objects 4 billion times weaker than can normally be seen with the naked eye.
3. This configuration enables one to distinguish an astronaut on the Moon.
4. When these are combined with the large telescopes, they produce what is called interferometry: a simulation of the power of a mirror 16 m in diameter and the resolution of a telescope of 200 m.

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| (A) 2431 | (B) 2413 |
| (C) 2143 | (D) 2314 |

113. Fill in the blank :

He has pride.....wealth.

- | | |
|---------|----------|
| (A) in | (B) of |
| (C) for | (D) with |

114. Select the option which contains the part of the sentence which has an error (spelling, grammatical or contextual) :

The perception of security (A)/ held by the power elites (B)/tend to ignore the basic reality that (C)/ contradictions of civil society have grown since nuclear explosion. (D)

(A) the perception of security

(B) held by the power elites

(C) tend to ignore the basic reality that

(D) contradictions of civil society have grown since nuclear explosion.

115. The following question has two blanks, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the set of words for each blank that best fits in the context of the sentence :

Delayed monsoons, preceded by a.....monsoon last year, and depleting groundwater levels have.....the crisis.

(A) Deficient, exacerbated

(B) derogatory, promoted

(C) poor, fancied

(D) enjoyable, viewed

116. Find the correctly spelt word :

(A) Misnomar

(B) Miscariage

(C) Mischeivous

(D) Misdemeanour

117. In the following question, out of the four alternatives, select the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the idiom/phrase :

A nig -nog

(A) Watchful

(B) Fool

(C) Old

(D) Rich

118. Out of the four alternatives choose the one which can be substituted for the given words/sentence in the question :

Causing a burning sensation like that of hot liquid on the skin

(A) Piping

(B) Igneous

(C) Sizzling

(D) Scalding

119. Find the Antonym of LUGUBRIOUS :

(A) Quick

(B) Cheerful

(C) Salubrious

(D) Dry

120. Find the synonym of PROPINQUITY :

(A) Habit

(B) Nearness

(C) Capacity

(D) Tendency